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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/799,220	03/12/2004	Grant E. Wild	03243-0104 7447	
3490	7590 07/27/2005		EXAMINER	
DOUGLAS T. JOHNSON			SNOW, BRUCE EDWARD	
MILLER & MARTIN 1000 VOLUNTEER BUILDING			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
832 GEORGIA AVENUE			3738	
CHATTANOOGA, TN 37402-2289		DATE MAILED: 07/27/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Application No. Applicant(s) 10/799,220 WILD, GRANT E. Office Action Summary Art Unit Examiner Bruce E. Snow 3738 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --**Period for Reply** A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _____. 2b) This action is non-final. 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. **Disposition of Claims** 4) Claim(s) 1-31 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 9-17 and 21-30 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-8,18 and 31 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 19 and 20 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. **Application Papers** 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on ____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. __ 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ___ 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3/12/04.

6) X Other: _

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-8, 18-20, 31, drawn to a polycentric prosthetic knee joint, classified in class 623, subclass 39.
- II. Claims 9-17 and 21-30, drawn to a rotary hydraulic chamber, classified in class 188, subclass 266.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination (broadest claims 1 or 18) as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed not requiring any limitation directed to the rotary hydraulic chamber. The subcombination has separate utility such as a prosthetic ankle joint, robotics, braking systems, and exercise equipment (see applicant cited Petrofsky 6,113,642).

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for Group I is not required for Group II, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

During a telephone conversation with Douglas Johnson on July 20, 2005 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of Group I, claims 1-8, 18-20, and 31. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 9-17, 21-30 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-8 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claim 1, "from up to between 10 to 20 degrees of forward flexion" is ambiguous. Please diagram and direct to the specification.

Claim 2, "from more than between 10 to 20 degrees of forward flexion" is ambiguous. Does this narrow or broaden the scope of claim 1?

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Claim 31, "restraining the pin on the forward link against greater than about 15 degrees" is ambiguous. Please diagram and direct to the specification for support.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Total Knee 2000 Geometric Locking System Product Manual (applicant submitted).

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The manual teaches the knee joint as claimed in claim 18; see attachment 1 for the Examiner's interpretation.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chen (5,728,173) in view of Erickson (2,282,952).

Chen teaches a polycentric prosthetic knee joint comprising a housing 4 having an upper joining section and a lower section, chassis 3, a forward link 51, a rear link including 52. Chen further teaches a cushioning unit 6 to limit forward movement in the claimed range. Chen also teaches the prior art, shown in figure 1, having a forward cushion 13. However, Chen fails to teach the claimed configuration of a forward cushion wherein the lower section of the housing having an arcuate channel with a bumper therein and the forward link having a pin extending into said channel.

Referring to at least figure 4, Erickson teaches a prosthetic knee joint having a forward cushion with a lower section of the housing 10 having an arcuate channel 23 with a bumper 23' therein and link 11 having a pin 24 extending into said channel. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to have substituted the cushion configuration of Erickson on the knee joint of Chen such that the joint can be limited in both flexion and extension (forward and rearward movement, see column 2, lines 19 et seq.). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to

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have placed the cushion configuration of Erickson between the forward link and housing because of adequate existing space or any other suitable location.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 19-20 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claim 31 would be allowable if rewritten or amended to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action.

Claims 3-8 are would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bruce E. Snow whose telephone number is (571) 272-4759. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thurs.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Corrine McDermott can be reached on (571) 272-4754. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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BRUCE SNOW PRIMARY EXAMINER

